UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q	

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission File Number: 033-84580

RECKSON OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

to

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11-3233647

420 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10170

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(212) 594-2700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES \boxtimes NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES \boxtimes NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer x

Smaller Reporting Company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES o NO 🗵

As of August 13, 2015, no common units of limited partnership interest of the Registrant were held by non-affiliates of the Registrant. There is no established trading market for such units.

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2015 (unaudited) and December 31, 2014 (unaudited)	<u>2</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	<u>3</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	<u>4</u>
	Consolidated Statement of Capital for the six months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited)	<u>5</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	<u>6</u>
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>7</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>21</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>30</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>30</u>
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>31</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>31</u>
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>31</u>
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>31</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>31</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>31</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>32</u>
	<u>Signatures</u>	<u>33</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited, in thousands)

Commercial real estate properties actors: \$ 1,74,359 \$ 1,764,357 4,353,081 Building and improvements 4,073,762 4,353,081 Building leashedd and improvements 1,073,676 1,073,678 Less accountated depreciation 6,087,502 1,072,032 Assets held for sale 1,082,502 6,078,004 Assets held for sale 1,086,502 3,648,004 Restricted cash 1,086,00 3,648,00 Restricted cash 1,086,00 3,648,00 Restricted cash equivalents 1,086,00 3,648,00 Restricted cash equivalents of allowance of \$154,715 and \$107,154 and \$2014, respectively 10,09 2,071,00 Restricted cash, end of allowance of \$154,715 and \$107,475 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 10,09 1,713,41 Deferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deterred origination fees of \$425 and \$241 in 2,00 1,09 1,713,41 Deferred equity and other investments, net of allowance of \$154,715 and \$107,545 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 1,09 1,073,41 Deferred respectable and office investments, net of discounts and deterred origination fees of \$2,00 1,09 1,00 1,00 Robert as		June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
Commercial real estate properties, at cost: 1,741,350 \$ 1,764,57 Land and Indirecess 1,073,678 4,353,008 Building and improvements 1,073,678 1,073,678 Building lessehold and improvements 1,073,678 7,007,700 7,032,150 Less: accumulated depreciation 1,082,073 6,078,000 1,013,412 1,0				(as adjusted)	
Land and land interests \$ 1,744,507 \$ 1,776,678 Building all omprovements 4,272,732 4,353,081 Building lessehold and improvements 7,087,768 1,073,678 Less: carmulated depreciation 1,192,321 (1,192,321) Assess held for sale 1,895,229 6,079,804 Assess held for sale 1,000,00 3,464 Cesh and cash equivalens 1,000,00 3,464 Restricted cash 1,000,00 3,684 Restricted cash 1,000,00 3,875,27 Deferred crost receivable, net of allowance of \$15,750 and \$2015 and 2014, respectively 1,000,00 1,781,40 Restricted cash 2,000,00 1,781,40 1,781,40 Deferred const, net of allowance of \$154,716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 201,10 1,781,40 Deferred const, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 1,343,67 1,323,18 Deferred const, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 1,343,67 1,323,18 Deferred loss, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 7,500,00 3,000	Assets				
Building and improvements 4,272,372 4,353,081 Building lesshold and improvements 1,073,678 1,073,678 Less accumulated depreciation 7,087,000 7,003,000 Less accumulated and preciation 5,895,229 6,079,004 Assess held for sale 3,005,000 3,464 Restricted cash 40,000 3,464 Restricted cash 3,755 3,000 Bereferred enguity and other investments, net of allowance of \$15,720 and \$17,725 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 20,101 20,102 Deferred enguity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$25 and \$25 a	Commercial real estate properties, at cost:				
Building leasehold and improvements 1,073,678 1,073,078 Less accountable depectation (1,125,31) (1,124,312) Less accountable depectation 1,089,279 6,079,078 Assess held for sale 1,136,273 6,079,078 Cash and such equitables 1,40,67 3,585 3,584 Cash and such equitables 3,755 3,884 3,884 Cash and such equitables 3,755 3,884 3,884 Cash and such equitables 40,05 3,884 3,884 Cash and such equitables 3,755 3,884 3,884 Cash and such equitables and eduly accounts and such equitables and such	Land and land interests	\$ 1,741,350	\$	1,776,457	
Cases accumulated depreciation	Building and improvements	4,272,732		4,353,081	
Exercise accumulated depreciation (1,92,34) (1,123,14) Assist shelf for sale 138,421 — 6,799,04 Assist shelf for sale 40,06 34,64 Cash and cash equivalents 40,06 34,64 Restricted cash 37,55 38,84 Territor de quily vand other investments, net of slivance of \$1,4716 and \$1,7745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 20,132 20,132 Deferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$241 in 2014, respectively 30,40 20,133 Other assis 5 0,783,30 5 0,783,30 3 0,783,10 Other assis 5 0,783,30 5 0,783,10 3 0,783,10 Other assis 5 0,783,00 5 0,783,10 3 0,783,10 Other assis 5 0,783,00 5 0,783,10 3 0,783,10 Other assis 5 0,783,00 5 0,783,10 3 0,783,10 Other assis	Building leasehold and improvements	1,073,678		1,073,678	
Asset sheld for sale 5,895,229 6,079,804 Asset sheld for sale 134,21 — Cash and cash equivalents 40,05 3,644 Restricted cash 37,554 3,804 Teach and other receivables, net of allowance of \$1,529 and \$5,520 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 31,299 25,712 Deferred eneis receivable, net of allowance of \$1,4716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 208,129 173,194 Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in 209,129 173,194 2015 and 2014, respectively 38,642 10,591 Other assets 8,042 15,951 Other assets 8,043 1,059,10 Total assets 8,043 8 Note assets 8,043 8 6 Note assets 8,042 1,059,10 Note assets 8,043 8 6 Note assets 8,043 8 6 6 Total assets 5,076 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		7,087,760		7,203,216	
Assets held for sale 138,421 ————————————————————————————————————	Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,192,531)		(1,123,412)	
Cash and cash equivalents 40,05 34,041 Restricted cash 37,554 38,844 Frenat and other receivables, net of allowance of \$1,4716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 208,155 199,045 Deferred rens receivable, net of allowance of \$1,4716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 208,155 199,045 Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Other assets 8,062 105,818 105,818 105,818 Other assets 8,062 105,818 <t< td=""><td></td><td>5,895,229</td><td></td><td>6,079,804</td></t<>		5,895,229		6,079,804	
Restricted cash 37,554 38,048 Tenant and other receivables, net of allowance of \$1,592 and \$5,820 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 20,152 25,712 Deferred rents receivable, net of allowance of \$14,716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 206,115 199,045 Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 209,125 173,194 Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Other assets 8,662 105,951 6,781,109 Total assets \$0,602 \$6,781,109 8 Mortgages payable \$0,000 \$6,000 \$6,000 8 Revolving credit facility 775,000 \$85,000 \$6,000 <	Assets held for sale	138,421		_	
Tenant and other receivables, net of allowance of \$5,592 and \$5,802 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 31,299 25,712 Deferred rents receivable, net of allowance of \$14,716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 208,115 199,045 Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Other assets 89,642 105,951 Total assets \$ 50,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Revolving credit facility 101,000 40,000 Accountil particle and particle particle and particle	Cash and cash equivalents	40,050		34,641	
Deferred rents receivable, net of allowance of \$14,716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 208,15 199,045 Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 209,129 173,194 Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 38,662 105,951 Total assets 8,062 6,781,009 105,951 Total assets \$ 50,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Accured interest payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,661 Accured interest payable and accrued expenses 11,887 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,855 36,195 Security deposits 3,22,72 3,22,72 Total liabilities related to assets held for sale 3,22,72 3,22,72 General partner capi	Restricted cash	37,554		38,844	
Prefered equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$2014, respectively 209,126 173,194 Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 105,557 Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 89,642 105,557 Total assets 89,642 105,551 Total assets \$ 60,783,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Term loan and senior unsecured notes 17,880,001 178,8001 Accounting payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounting payable and accrued expenses 54,661 66,478 Deferred land leases payable 11,887 13,061 Deferred land leases payable 13,875 36,551 Security deposits 36,555 36,155 Security deposits 32,972 3,054,611 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 32,972 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies 3,193,60 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 3,193,60 3	Tenant and other receivables, net of allowance of \$5,592 and \$5,820 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	31,299		25,712	
2015 and 2014, respectively 209,129 173,194 Deference costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Other assets 89,642 105,951 Total assets 6,783,000 \$ 6,781,100 Labilities Revolving credit facility 705,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 \$ 38,000 Accound interest payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounting payable and corrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 11,085 130,661 66,478 Deferred prevenue 13,875 36,055	Deferred rents receivable, net of allowance of \$14,716 and \$17,745 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	208,115		199,045	
Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively 134,367 123,918 Other assets 89,642 105,951 Total assets 6,783,000 \$ 6,783,000 Liabilities 5 500,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Revolving credit facility 1,788,040 1,788,040 Accumulated and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accumulate spayable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 36,855 36,195 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Scurity deposits 36,855 36,195 Scurity deposits 36,855 36,195 Scurity deposits 36,855 36,195 Scurity deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies 3,196,071 3,381,383 General partner capital 3,196,071 <t< td=""><td>Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Preferred equity and other investments, net of discounts and deferred origination fees of \$425 and \$244 in				
Other assets 89,642 10,500 Total assets 6,783,800 5,787,810 Labilities 70,000 5,70,000 3,850,000 Revolving credit facility 70,500 3,850,000 Tom loan and senior unsecured notes 1,788,000 1,788,000 Tom class payable and other labilities 2,7745 2,706 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 5,401 6,6478 Deferred revenue 1,054 1,30,61 Deferred land leases payable 1,367 1,215 Security deposits 3,655 3,619 3,19,10 Security deposits 3,57 3,19,10 3,19,10 Counting altered to assets held for sale 5,70 3,19,10 3,19,10 Total libilities 3,196,00 3,381,381 3,19,10 Compliance response 3,196,00 3,381,383 3,196,10 Capital 3,196,00 3,381,383 3,196,10 3,381,383 3,196,10 3,381,383 3,196,10 3,381,383 3,196,10 3,196,10 3,196,10 3,196,10 <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		-			
Total assets \$ 6,783,000 \$ 6,781,100 Liabilities \$ 500,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 365,000 Term loan and senior unsecured notes 1,788,049 1,788,001 Accounts payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred land leases payable 110,854 133,061 Deferred land leases payable 3,685 36,195 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Scurity deposits 3,29,721 3,554,611 Total liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,70 Total liabilities related to assets held for sale 3,29,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies 3,29,721 3,054,611 General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 4,70 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 4,70 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,381 Accumulated other comprehensive loss 3,72,640	Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$81,814 and \$77,557 in 2015 and 2014, respectively			·	
Liabilities S 500,000 \$ 620,000 Mortgages payable \$ 500,000 385,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Term loan and senior unsecured notes 1,788,049 1,788,001 Accounts payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Security deposits 3,297,21 3,054,611 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 ——— Total liabilities 3,297,21 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies 3,297,21 3,054,611 General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 3,196,071 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 2,270 (3,106) Accumulated other comprehensive loss 3,193,68 3,378,277 Total ROP partner's capital	Other assets	 		105,951	
Morgage payable \$ 500,000 \$ 620,000 Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Term loan and senior unsecured notes 1,788,049 1,788,040 Accounts payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 ——— Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies ———— ———— Capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 2,702 3,100 Accumulated other comprehensive loss 2,702 3,378,277 Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,681 3,378,274 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 3,00,101 348,221	Total assets	\$ 6,783,806	\$	6,781,109	
Revolving credit facility 705,000 385,000 Term loan and senior unsecured notes 1,788,049 1,788,001 Accounts payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Commitments and contingencies — — General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	<u>Liabilities</u>				
Term loan and senior unsecured notes 1,788,049 1,788,001 Account interest payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Security deposits 5,770 — Total liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Commitments and contingencies — — Central partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Mortgages payable	\$ 500,000	\$	620,000	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities 27,745 27,061 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital 4,702 3,319,368 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Revolving credit facility	705,000		385,000	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 54,061 66,478 Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital — — General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Term loan and senior unsecured notes	1,788,049		1,788,001	
Deferred revenue 110,854 130,661 Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital — — General partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	27,745		27,061	
Deferred land leases payable 1,387 1,215 Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	54,061		66,478	
Security deposits 36,855 36,195 Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital — — General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Deferred revenue	110,854		130,661	
Liabilities related to assets held for sale 5,770 — Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital — — General partner capital — — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Deferred land leases payable	1,387		1,215	
Total liabilities 3,229,721 3,054,611 Commitments and contingencies — — Capital Sa,196,070 3,381,383 General partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Security deposits	36,855		36,195	
Commitments and contingencies — — Capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 General partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Liabilities related to assets held for sale	 5,770		_	
Capital General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Total liabilities	3,229,721		3,054,611	
General partner capital 3,196,070 3,381,383 Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Commitments and contingencies	_		_	
Limited partner capital — — Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	<u>Capital</u>				
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (2,702) (3,106) Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	General partner capital	3,196,070		3,381,383	
Total ROP partner's capital 3,193,368 3,378,277 Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Limited partner capital	_		_	
Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships 360,717 348,221 Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,702)		(3,106)	
Total capital 3,554,085 3,726,498	Total ROP partner's capital	3,193,368		3,378,277	
	Noncontrolling interests in other partnerships	360,717		348,221	
Total liabilities and capital \$ 6,783,806 \$ 6,781,109	Total capital	3,554,085		3,726,498	
	Total liabilities and capital	\$ 6,783,806	\$	6,781,109	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited, in thousands)

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months I	Ended	nded June 30,	
	<u> </u>	2015		2014		2015		2014	
			(as adjusted)			((as adjusted)	
Revenues									
Rental revenue, net	\$	153,082	\$	142,440	\$	302,477	\$	283,438	
Escalation and reimbursement		23,279		21,540		46,210		42,684	
Investment income		4,268		8,777		7,871		18,052	
Other income		12,263		638		12,922		1,249	
Total revenues		192,892		173,395		369,480		345,423	
Expenses									
Operating expenses, including \$2,093 and \$3,925 in 2015 and \$1,984 and \$3,457 in 2014 of related party expenses		38,444		36,889		80,823		75,386	
Real estate taxes		35,180		32,569		69,704		63,570	
Ground rent		5,184		5,235		10,470		10,470	
Interest expense, net of interest income		27,649		31,625		55,378		63,425	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		1,280		1,614		3,227		3,169	
Depreciation and amortization		50,241		49,949		99,669		99,791	
Transaction related costs		23		117		39		988	
Marketing, general and administrative		160		90		256		166	
Total expenses		158,161		158,088		319,566		316,965	
Income from continuing operations before equity in net income from unconsolidated joint ventures and loss on early extinguishment of debt		34,731		15,307		49,914		28,458	
Equity in net income from unconsolidated joint ventures		853		1,094		1,702		1,094	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		_		(519)		(49)		(519)	
Income from continuing operations		35,584		15,882		51,567		29,033	
Net income from discontinued operations		_		1,348		_		2,054	
Gain on sale of discontinued operations		_		117,829		_		117,829	
Net income		35,584		135,059		51,567		148,916	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in other partnerships		(6,378)		(801)		(6,930)		(862)	
Net income attributable to ROP common unitholder	\$	29,206	\$	134,258	\$	44,637	\$	148,054	
Amounts attributable to ROP common unitholder:									
Income from continuing operations	\$	29,206	\$	15,081	\$	44,637	\$	28,171	
Discontinued operations		_		119,177		_		119,883	
Net income attributable to ROP common unitholder	\$	29,206	\$	134,258	\$	44,637	\$	148,054	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months I	Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015			2014	
		(as adjusted)				(as adjusted)
Net income attributable to ROP common unitholder	\$ 29,206	\$	134,258	\$	44,637	\$	148,054
Other comprehensive income:							
Change in net unrealized gain on derivative instruments	 223		179		404		377
Comprehensive income attributable to ROP common unitholder	\$ 29,429	\$	134,437	\$	45,041	\$	148,431

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Consolidated Statement of Capital (unaudited, in thousands)

	General Partner's Capital Class A Common Units	Li	imited Partner's Capital	Noncontrolling Interests In Other Partnerships	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Total Capital
Balance at December 31, 2014, as adjusted	\$ 3,381,383	\$	_	\$ 348,221	\$ (3,106)	\$ 3,726,498
Contributions	726,009		_	6,124	_	732,133
Distributions	(955,959)		_	(558)	_	(956,517)
Net income	44,637		_	6,930	_	51,567
Other comprehensive income	_		_	_	404	404
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,196,070	\$	_	\$ 360,717	\$ (2,702)	\$ 3,554,085

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited, in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2015		2014		
			(as adjusted)		
Operating Activities					
Net income	\$ 51,567	\$	148,916		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	102,896		103,393		
Equity in net income from unconsolidated joint venture	(1,702)		(1,094)		
Distributions of cumulative earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	1,702		612		
Loss on early extinguishment of debt	49		519		
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	_		(117,829)		
Deferred rents receivable	(10,298)		(10,236)		
Other non-cash adjustments	(16,816)		(23,202)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Restricted cash—operations	702		(2,531)		
Tenant and other receivables	(6,060)		2,955		
Deferred lease costs	(25,470)		(3,999)		
Other assets	4,141		(4,800)		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,275		718		
Deferred revenue and land leases payable	(1,768)		(264)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	100,218	_	93,158		
Investing Activities					
Additions to land, buildings and improvements	(34,144)		(45,842)		
Escrowed cash—capital improvements/acquisition deposits	388		(1,071)		
Distributions in excess of cumulative earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	10		_		
Net proceeds from disposition of real estate/joint venture interest	_		137,059		
Origination of preferred equity investments	(32,139)		(14,173)		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(65,885)		75,973		
Financing Activities		-			
Repayments of mortgages and other loans payable	(120,000)		(82,181)		
Proceeds from credit facility and senior unsecured notes	1,055,000		683,000		
Repayments of credit facility and senior unsecured notes	(735,007)		(520,000)		
Contributions from common unitholder	726,009		732,007		
Contributions to noncontrolling interests in other partnerships	6,124		_		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests in other partnerships	(558)		(3,214)		
Distributions to common unitholder	(955,959)		(983,346)		
Deferred loan costs and capitalized lease obligation	(4,533)		(2,671)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(28,924)		(176,405)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 5,409		(7,274)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	34,641		48,070		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 40,050	\$	40,796		
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:					
Tenant improvements and capital expenditures payable	\$ 5,845	\$	6,471		
Deferred leasing payable	6,915		230		
Change in fair value of hedge	226		215		
Transfer to assets held for sale	138,421		_		
Transfer to liabilities related to assets held for sale	5,770		_		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., or ROP, commenced operations on June 2, 1995. The sole general partner of ROP is a wholly-owned subsidiary of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P., or the Operating Partnership. The sole limited partner of ROP is the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership is 96.22% owned by SL Green Realty Corp., or SL Green, as of June 30, 2015. SL Green is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, and is the sole managing general partner of the Operating Partnership. Unless the context requires otherwise, all references to "we," "our," "us" and the "Company" means ROP and all entities owned or controlled by ROP.

ROP is engaged in the acquisition, ownership, management and operation of commercial and residential real estate properties, principally office properties, and also owns land for future development, located in New York City, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey, which collectively is also known as the New York Metropolitan area.

SL Green transferred one property and 40% of SL Green's tenancy in common interest in a fee interest with total assets of \$207.7 million during the first quarter of 2015 to ROP, and one additional property and the remaining 60% of SL Green's tenancy in common interest in a fee interest with total assets of \$187.3 million during second quarter of 2015 to ROP. Subsequent to June 30, 2014, SL Green transferred four properties with total assets aggregating to \$786.4 million as of December 31, 2014 to ROP. Under the business combinations guidance (Accounting Standard Codification, or ASU, 805-50), these transfers were determined to be transfers of businesses between the indirect parent company and its wholly-owned subsidiary. As such, the assets and liabilities of the properties were transferred at their carrying values and were recorded as of the beginning of the current reporting period as though the assets and liabilities had been transferred at that date. The financial statements and financial information presented for all prior periods have been retrospectively adjusted to furnish comparative information.

As of June 30, 2015, we owned the following interests in commercial and residential properties in the New York Metropolitan area, primarily in midtown Manhattan. Our investments in the New York Metropolitan area also include investments in Brooklyn, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey, which are collectively known as the Suburban properties:

Location	Туре	Number of Properties	Approximate Square Feet	Weighted Average Occupancy ⁽¹⁾
Commercial:				
Manhattan	Office	15	8,239,645	95.5%
	Retail ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	5	352,892	98.8%
	Fee Interest	2	197,654	100.0%
		22	8,790,191	95.7%
Suburban	Office	20	3,417,900	82.3%
	Retail	1	52,000	100.0%
		21	3,469,900	82.5%
Total commercial properties		43	12,260,091	92.0%
Residential:				
Manhattan	Residential ⁽²⁾	_	222,855	96.4%
Total portfolio		43	12,482,946	92.0%

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average occupancy for commercial properties represents the total leased square feet divided by total available rentable square feet. The weighted average occupancy for residential properties represents the total occupied units divided by total available units.

As of June 30, 2015, we also held preferred equity and other investments with a book value of \$209.1 million.

Basis of Quarterly Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or U.S. GAAP, for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered

⁽²⁾ As of June 30, 2015, we owned a building that was comprised of approximately 270,132 square feet of retail space and approximately 222,855 square feet of residential space. For the purpose of this report, we have included the building in the retail properties count and have bifurcated the square footage into the retail and residential components.

⁽³⁾ Includes two retail properties held for sale as of June 30, 2015.

necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position of the Company at June 30, 2015 and the results of operations for the periods presented have been included. The operating results for the period presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited financial statements as of that date, and adjusted for the transfer of three properties to ROP in 2015 but does not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. Also, as a result of the transfer of these three properties in 2015 and four properties in 2014 to ROP, the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, statement of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and related financial information have been adjusted to furnish comparative information.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our subsidiaries, which are wholly-owned or controlled by us. Entities which we do not control through our voting interest and entities which are variable interest entities, but where we are not the primary beneficiary, are accounted for under the equity method or as preferred equity investments. See Note 5, "Preferred Equity and Other Investments." ROP's investments in majority-owned and controlled real estate joint ventures are reflected in the financial statements on a consolidated basis with a reduction for the noncontrolling partners' interests. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

We consolidate a variable interest entity, or VIE, in which we are considered the primary beneficiary. The primary beneficiary is the entity that has (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could be significant to the VIE.

A noncontrolling interest in a consolidated subsidiary is defined as the portion of the equity (net assets) in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to us. Noncontrolling interests are required to be presented as a separate component of capital in the consolidated balance sheet and the presentation of net income is modified to present earnings and other comprehensive income attributed to controlling and noncontrolling interests.

We assess the accounting treatment for each joint venture and preferred equity investment. This assessment includes a review of each joint venture or limited liability company agreement to determine which party has what rights and whether those rights are protective or participating. For all VIEs, we review such agreements in order to determine which party has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. In situations where we and our partner approve, among other things, the annual budget, receive a detailed monthly reporting package from us, meet on a quarterly basis to review the results of the joint venture, review and approve the joint venture's tax return before filing, and approve all leases that cover more than a nominal amount of space relative to the total rentable space at each property, we do not consolidate the joint venture as we consider these to be substantive participation rights that result in shared power of the activities that most significantly impact the performance of the joint venture. Our joint venture agreements typically contain certain protective rights such as the requirement of partner approval to sell, finance or refinance the property and the payment of capital expenditures and operating expenditures outside of the approved budget or operating plan.

Investment in Commercial Real Estate Properties

On a periodic basis, we assess whether there are any indications that the value of our real estate properties may be other than temporarily impaired or that their carrying value may not be recoverable. A property's value is considered impaired if management's estimate of the aggregate future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges for consolidated properties) to be generated by the property is less than the carrying value of the property. To the extent impairment has occurred, the loss will be measured as the excess of the carrying amount of the property over the calculated fair value of the property. We also evaluate our real estate properties for potential impairment when a real estate property has been classified as held for sale. Real estate assets held for sale are valued at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. We do not believe that the values of any of our consolidated properties were other than temporarily impaired at June 30, 2015.

We allocate the purchase price of real estate to land and building (inclusive of tenant improvements) and, if determined to be material, intangibles, such as the value of the above- and below-market leases and origination costs associated with the in-place leases. We depreciate the amount allocated to building (inclusive of tenant improvements) over their estimated useful lives, which generally range from three to 40 years. We amortize the amount allocated to the above- and below-market leases over the remaining term of the associated lease, which generally range from one to 14 years, and record it as either an increase (in the case of below-

market leases) or a decrease (in the case of above-market leases) to rental income. We amortize the amount allocated to the values associated with in-place leases over the expected term of the associated lease, which generally ranges from one to 14 years. If a tenant vacates its space prior to the contractual termination of the lease and no rental payments are being made on the lease, any unamortized balance of the related intangible will be written off. The tenant improvements and origination costs are amortized as an expense over the remaining life of the lease (or charged against earnings if the lease is terminated prior to its contractual expiration date). We assess fair value of the leases based on estimated cash flow projections that utilize appropriate discount and capitalization rates and available market information. Estimates of future cash flows are based on a number of factors including the historical operating results, known trends, and market/economic conditions that may affect the property. To the extent acquired leases contain fixed rate renewal options that are below-market and determined to be material, we amortize such below-market lease value into rental income over the renewal period.

We recognized an increase of \$6.9 million, \$12.6 million, \$5.4 million and \$11.2 million in rental revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for the amortization of aggregate below-market leases in excess of above-market leases and a reduction in lease origination costs, resulting from the allocation of the purchase price of the applicable properties.

The following summarizes our identified intangible assets (acquired above-market leases and in-place leases) and intangible liabilities (acquired below-market leases) as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Identified intangible assets (included in other assets):		
Gross amount	\$ 289,180	\$ 293,354
Accumulated amortization	(221,273)	(212,957)
Net	\$ 67,907	\$ 80,397
Identified intangible liabilities (included in deferred revenue):		
Gross amount	\$ 434,723	\$ 443,520
Accumulated amortization	(324,960)	(315,889)
Net	\$ 109,763	\$ 127,631

⁽¹⁾ As of June 30, 2015, \$1.8 million and \$5.8 million of net intangible assets and net intangible liabilities, respectively, were reclassed to assets held for sale and liabilities related to assets held for sale

Investment in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

We may originate loans for real estate acquisition, development and construction, where we expect to receive some or all of the residual profit from such projects. When the risk and rewards of these arrangements are essentially the same as an investor or joint venture partner, we account for these arrangements as real estate investments under the equity method of accounting for investments. Otherwise, we account for these arrangements consistent with our loan accounting for our preferred equity investments.

Revenue Recognition

Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Rental revenue recognition commences when the tenant takes possession or controls the physical use of the leased space. In order for the tenant to take possession, the leased space must be substantially ready for its intended use. To determine whether the leased space is substantially ready for its intended use, management evaluates whether we are or the tenant is the owner of tenant improvements for accounting purposes. When management concludes that we are the owner of tenant improvements, rental revenue recognition begins when the tenant takes possession of the finished space, which is when such tenant improvements are substantially complete. In certain instances, when management concludes that we are not the owner (the tenant is the owner) of tenant improvements, rental revenue recognition begins when the tenant takes possession of or controls the space. When management concludes that we are the owner of tenant improvements for accounting purposes, we record amounts funded to construct the tenant improvements as a capital asset. For these tenant improvements, we record amounts reimbursed by tenants as a reduction of the capital asset. When management concludes that the tenant is the owner of tenant improvements for accounting purposes, we record our contribution towards those improvements as a lease incentive, which is included in deferred costs, net on our consolidated balance sheets and amortized as a reduction to rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The excess of rents recognized over amounts contractually due pursuant to the underlying leases are included in deferred rents receivable on the consolidated balance sheets. We establish, on a current basis, an allowance for future potential tenant credit losses, which may occur against this account. The balance reflected on the consolidated balance sheets is net of such allowance.

In addition to base rent, our tenants also generally will pay their pro rata share of increases in real estate taxes and operating expenses for the building over a base year. In some leases, in lieu of paying additional rent based upon increases in building operating expenses, the tenant will pay additional rent based upon increases in the wage rate paid to porters over the porters' wage rate in effect during a base year or increases in the consumer price index over the index value in effect during a base year. In addition, many of our leases contain fixed percentage increases over the base rent to cover escalations. Electricity is most often supplied by the landlord either on a sub-metered basis, or rent inclusion basis (i.e., a fixed fee is included in the rent for electricity, which amount may increase based upon increases in electricity rates or increases in electrical usage by the tenant). Base building services other than electricity (such as heat, air conditioning and freight elevator service during business hours, and base building cleaning) are typically provided at no additional cost, with the tenant paying additional rent only for services which exceed base building services or for services which are provided outside normal business hours. These escalations are based on actual expenses incurred in the prior calendar year. If the expenses in the current year are different from those in the prior year, then during the current year, the escalations will be adjusted to reflect the actual expenses for the current year.

We record a gain on sale of real estate when title is conveyed to the buyer, subject to the buyer's financial commitment being sufficient to provide economic substance to the sale and we have no substantial economic involvement with the buyer.

Interest income on preferred equity investments is accrued based on the outstanding principal amount and contractual terms of the instruments and when, in the opinion of management, it is deemed collectible. Several of the preferred equity investments provide for accrual of interest at specified rates, which differ from current payment terms. Interest is recognized on such loans at the accrual rate subject to management's determination that accrued interest is ultimately collectible, based on the underlying collateral and operations of the borrower. If management cannot make this determination, interest income above the current pay rate is recognized only upon actual receipt.

Deferred origination fees, original issue discounts and loan origination costs, if any, are recognized as a reduction to the interest income over the terms of the related investments using the effective interest method. Fees received in connection with loan commitments are also deferred until the loan is funded and are then recognized over the term of the loan as an adjustment to yield. Discounts or premiums associated with the purchase of loans are amortized or accreted into interest income as a yield adjustment on the effective interest method based on expected cashflows through the expected maturity date of the related investment. If we purchase a preferred equity investment at a discount, intend to hold it until maturity and expect to recover the full value of the investment, we accrete the discount into income as an adjustment to yield over the term of the investment. If we purchase a preferred equity investment at a discount with the intention of foreclosing on the collateral, we do not accrete the discount. For investments acquired at a discount for credit quality, the difference between contractual cash flows and expected cash flows at acquisition is not accreted. Anticipated exit fees, the collection of which is expected, are also recognized over the term of the loan as an adjustment to yield.

Preferred equity investments are placed on a non-accrual status at the earlier of the date at which payments become 90 days past due or when, in the opinion of management, a full recovery of interest income becomes doubtful. Interest income recognition on any non-accrual preferred equity investment is resumed when such non-accrual preferred equity investment becomes contractually current and performance is demonstrated to be resumed. Interest is recorded as income on impaired loans only to the extent cash is received.

We may syndicate a portion of the loans that we originate or sell these loans individually. When a transaction meets the criteria of sale accounting, we derecognize the loan sold and recognize gain or loss based on the difference between the sales price and the carrying value of the loan sold. Any related unamortized deferred origination fees, original issue discounts, loan origination costs, discounts or premiums at the time of sale are recognized as an adjustment to the gain or loss on sale, which is included in investment income on the consolidated statements of operations. Any fees received at the time of sale or syndication are recognized as part of investment income.

Asset management fees are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the asset management agreement.

Reserve for Possible Credit Losses

The expense for possible credit losses in connection with preferred equity investments is the charge to earnings to increase the allowance for possible credit losses to the level that we estimate to be adequate, based on Level 3 data, considering delinquencies, loss experience and collateral quality. Other factors considered relate to geographic trends and product diversification, the size of the portfolio and current economic conditions. Based upon these factors, we establish the provision for possible credit losses on each individual investment. When it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts contractually due, the investment is considered impaired.

Where impairment is indicated on an investment that is held to maturity, a valuation allowance is measured based upon the excess of the recorded investment amount over the net fair value of the collateral. Any deficiency between the carrying amount of an asset and the calculated value of the collateral is charged to expense. We continue to assess or adjust our estimates based on circumstances of a loan and the underlying collateral. If the additional information obtained reflects increased recovery of our investment, we will adjust our reserves accordingly. There were no loan reserves recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Income Taxes

ROP is a partnership and, as a result, all income and losses of the partnership are allocated to the partners for inclusion in their respective income tax returns. No provision has been made for income taxes in the consolidated financial statements since such taxes, if any, are the responsibility of the individual partners.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurements

See Note 9, "Fair Value Measurements."

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash investments, preferred equity investments and accounts receivable. We place our cash investments in excess of insured amounts with high quality financial institutions. The collateral securing our preferred equity investments is located in New York City. See Note 5, "Preferred Equity and Other Investments." We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our tenants and require most tenants to provide security deposits or letters of credit. Though these security deposits and letters of credit are insufficient to meet the total value of a tenant's lease obligation, they are a measure of good faith and a source of funds to offset the economic costs associated with lost rent and the costs associated with re-tenanting a space. Although the properties in our real estate portfolio are primarily located in Manhattan, we also have properties located in Brooklyn, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey. The tenants located in our buildings operate in various industries. Other than two tenants who account for 4.6% and 3.7% of our share of annualized cash rent, respectively, no other tenant in the portfolio accounted for more than 2.7% of our share of annualized cash rent, including our share of joint venture annualized cash rent, at June 30, 2015. Approximately 15.7%, 9.8%, 7.9%, 8.4%, and 7.1%, of our share of annualized cash rent was attributable to 1185 Avenue of the Americas, 625 Madison Avenue, 750 Third Avenue, 919 Third Avenue and 1350 Avenue of the Americas, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Reclassification

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to our current year presentation primarily in order to include the transfer of three properties in 2015 and four properties in 2014, which were transferred subsequent to June 30, 2014.

Accounting Standards Updates

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued final guidance to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs by requiring debt issuance costs to be presented as a deduction from the corresponding debt liability (ASU No, 2015-03). The guidance requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of the guidance is permitted. Upon adoption, an entity must apply the new guidance retrospectively for all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company expects to adopt the guidance effective January 1, 2016 and the guidance is not anticipated to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB, issued new guidance that amends the current consolidation guidance, including introducing a separate consolidation analysis specific to limited partnerships and other similar entities (ASU No. 2015-02). Under this analysis, limited partnerships and other similar entities will be considered a VIE unless the limited partners hold substantive kick-out rights or participating rights. The guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption of this guidance is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance to determine the impact it may have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued a new comprehensive revenue recognition guidance which requires us to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services (ASU No. 2014-09). The guidance also requires enhanced disclosures to help users of financial statements better understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized. The guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is not permitted. In July 2015, the FASB voted to defer by one year the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 for both public and nonpublic entities and give both public and private companies the option to early adopt using the original effective date. The new guidance can be applied either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented, or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance to determine the impact it may have on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued new guidance on reporting discontinued operations which raises the threshold for disposals to qualify as discontinued operations (ASU No. 2014-08). The guidance also allows us to have a significant continuing involvement and continuing cash flows with the discontinued operations. Additionally, the guidance requires additional disclosures for discontinued operations and new disclosures for individually material disposal transactions that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. The guidance is effective for calendar year public companies beginning in the first quarter of 2015 and is to be applied on a prospective basis for new disposals. Early adoption of this guidance was permitted. The Company has adopted the standard beginning in the first quarter of 2015. The adoption of this guidance changed the presentation of discontinued operations for all properties held for sale and/or disposed of subsequent to January 1, 2015.

3. Property Acquisition

2014 Acquisition

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we finalized the purchase price allocation based on third party appraisal and additional facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition dates for the following 2014 acquisitions (in thousands):

	1	102 Greene Street ⁽¹⁾	115 Spring Street ⁽¹⁾
Acquisition Date	C	October 2014	July 2014
Ownership Type	F	ee Interest	Fee Interest
Property Type		Retail	Retail
Purchase Price Allocation:			
Land	\$	8,215	\$ 11,078
Building and building leasehold		26,717	44,799
Above-market lease value		_	_
Acquired in-place lease value		1,015	2,037
Other assets, net of other liabilities		3	_
Assets acquired		35,950	57,914
Mark-to-market assumed debt		_	_
Below-market lease value		3,701	4,789
Liabilities assumed		3,701	4,789
Purchase price	\$	32,249	\$ 53,125
Net consideration funded by us at closing, excluding consideration financed by debt	\$	32,249	\$ 53,125
Equity and/or debt investment held	\$	_	\$ _
Debt assumed	\$	_	\$

⁽¹⁾ Based on our preliminary analysis of the purchase price, we had allocated \$11.3 million and \$21.0 million to land and building, respectively, at 102 Greene Street, and \$15.9 million and \$37.2 million to land and building, respectively, at 115 Spring Street. The impact to our consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1.1 million in rental revenue for the amortization of aggregate below-market leases and \$1.0 million of depreciation expense.

4. Property Held for Sale and Property Disposition

Properties Held for Sale

During the second quarter of 2015, we entered into an agreement to sell an 80% interest in 131-137 Spring Street based on a gross asset valuation of \$277.8 million. In August, we completed this sale.

Discontinued Operations

The Company adopted ASU 2014-08 effective January 1, 2015. As a result, the Company classified 131-137 Spring Street as held for sale as of June 30, 2015 and included the results of operations in continuing operations for all periods presented. Discontinued operations included the results of operations of real estate assets sold prior to January 1, 2015. This included 673 First Avenue, which was sold in May 2014. There were no discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

The following table summarizes net income from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014			Six Months Ended June 30, 2014		
Revenues						
Rental revenue	\$	2,777	\$	7,853		
Escalation and reimbursement revenues		259		1,080		
Total revenues		3,036		8,933		
Operating expenses		280		1,164		
Real estate taxes		383		1,402		
Ground rent		805		3,001		
Interest expense, net of interest income		220		879		
Depreciation and amortization		_		433		
Total expenses		1,688		6,879		
Net income from discontinued operations	\$	1,348	\$	2,054		

5. Preferred Equity and Other Investments

Preferred Equity Investments

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we held the following preferred equity investments, with an aggregate weighted average current yield of approximately 10.18% at June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

Туре	I	June 30, 2015 Future Funding Obligations	June 30, 2015 Senior Financing	June 30,2015 Carrying Value ⁽¹⁾	December 31, 2014 Carrying Value ⁽¹⁾	Initial Mandatory Redemption
Preferred equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	\$		\$ 550,000	\$ 126,817	\$ 123,041	July 2015
Preferred equity ⁽⁴⁾		_	70,000	9,960	9,954	March 2018
Preferred equity		5,580	60,795	32,162	_	November 2018
	\$	5,580	\$ 680,795	\$ 168,939	\$ 132,995	

Carrying value is net of deferred origination fees.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, all preferred equity investments were performing in accordance with the terms of the related agreements.

Other Investments

Other investments pertain to investments accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

²⁾ The difference between the pay and accrual rates is included as an addition to the principal balance outstanding.

⁽³⁾ This investment was redeemed in July 2015.

In March 2015, the redemption date was extended to March 2018.

We have one preferred equity investment which meets the criteria of a real estate investment under the guidance for Acquisition, Development and Construction arrangements and have accounted for this wholly owned investment under the equity method of accounting. As of June 30, 2015, the book value of this investment was \$40.2 million, which is due to mature in March 2016, subject to three one-year extension options and a two-year option for the last extension.

6. Mortgages Payable

The first mortgages collateralized by the property and assignment of leases at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, were as follows (amounts in thousands):

Property	Maturity Date	Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
		_				(as adjusted)		
919 Third Avenue ⁽²⁾	June 2023	5.12%	\$	500,000	\$	500,000		
711 Third Avenue ⁽³⁾				_		120,000		
			\$	500,000	\$	620,000		

- Effective weighted average interest rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015.
- (2) We own a 51.0% controlling interest in the joint venture that is the borrower on this loan.
- 3) In March 2015, we repaid the mortgage

The gross book value of the property collateralizing the mortgages payable was \$1.3 billion and \$1.4 billion at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

7. Corporate Indebtedness

2012 Credit Facility

In March 2014, we entered into an amendment to the \$1.6 billion credit facility entered into by the Company in November 2012, or the 2012 credit facility, which among other things, increased the term loan portion of the facility by \$383.0 million to \$783.0 million, decreased the interest-rate margin applicable to the term loan portion of the facility by 25 basis points and extended the maturity of the term loan portion of the facility from March 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. In November 2014, we increased the term loan portion of the facility by \$50.0 million to \$833.0 million. In January 2015, we entered into a second amended and restated credit agreement, which decreased the interest-rate margin and facility fee applicable to the revolving credit facility by 20 basis points and five basis points, respectively, and extended the maturity date of the revolving credit facility to March 29, 2019 with an as-of-right extension through March 29, 2020. We also have an option, subject to customary conditions, to increase the capacity under the revolving credit facility to \$1.5 billion at any time prior to the maturity date for the revolving credit facility without the consent of existing lenders, by obtaining additional commitments from our existing lenders and other financial institutions. As of June 30, 2015, the 2012 credit facility, as amended, consisted of a \$1.2 billion revolving credit facility, or the revolving credit facility, and an \$833.0 million term loan, or the term loan facility.

As of June 30, 2015, the 2012 credit facility bore interest at a spread over LIBOR ranging from (i) 87.5 basis points to 155 basis points for loans under the revolving credit facility and (ii) 95 basis points to 190 basis points for loans under the term loan facility, in each case based on the credit rating assigned to the senior unsecured long term indebtedness of ROP. At June 30, 2015, the applicable spread was 125 basis points for revolving credit facility and 140 basis points for the term loan facility. At June 30, 2015, the effective interest rate was 1.44% for the revolving credit facility and 1.66% for the term loan facility. We are required to pay quarterly in arrears a 12.5 to 30 basis point facility fee on the total commitments under the revolving credit facility based on the credit rating assigned to the senior unsecured long term indebtedness of ROP. As of June 30, 2015, the facility fee was 25 basis points. As of June 30, 2015, we had \$89.4 million of outstanding letters of credit, \$705.0 million drawn under the revolving credit facility and \$833.0 million outstanding under the term loan facility, with total undrawn capacity of \$405.6 million under the 2012 credit facility.

We, SL Green and the Operating Partnership are all borrowers jointly and severally obligated under the 2012 credit facility. None of SL Green's other subsidiaries are obligors under the 2012 credit facility.

The 2012 credit facility includes certain restrictions and covenants (see Restrictive Covenants below).

Senior Unsecured Notes

The following table sets forth our senior unsecured notes and other related disclosures as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, by scheduled maturity date (dollars in thousands):

Issuance	1	ne 30, 2015 Unpaid Principal Balance	Jı	ine 30, 2015 Accreted Balance	December 31, 2014 Accreted Balance	Coupon Rate ⁽¹⁾	Effective Rate	Term (in Years)	Maturity Date
March 31, 2006	\$	255,308	\$	255,272	\$ 255,250	6.00%	6.00%	10	March 31, 2016
August 5, 2011 ⁽²⁾		250,000		249,777	249,744	5.00%	5.00%	7	August 15, 2018
March 16, 2010 ⁽²⁾		250,000		250,000	250,000	7.75%	7.75%	10	March 15, 2020
November 15, 2012 ⁽²⁾		200,000		200,000	200,000	4.50%	4.50%	10	December 1, 2022
June 27, 2005 ⁽³⁾		_		_	7				
	\$	955,308	\$	955,049	\$ 955,001				

⁽¹⁾ Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually with principal and unpaid interest due on the scheduled maturity dates.

ROP also provides a guaranty of the Operating Partnership's obligations under its 3.00% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2017.

Restrictive Covenants

The terms of the 2012 credit facility, as amended, and certain of our senior unsecured notes include certain restrictions and covenants which may limit, among other things, SL Green's ability to pay dividends, make certain types of investments, incur additional indebtedness, incur liens and enter into negative pledge agreements and dispose of assets, and which require compliance with financial ratios relating to the maximum ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value, a minimum ratio of EBITDA to fixed charges, a maximum ratio of secured indebtedness to total asset value and a maximum ratio of unsecured indebtedness to unencumbered asset value. The dividend restriction referred to above provides that SL Green will not during any time when a default is continuing, make distributions with respect to SL Green's common stock or other equity interests, except to enable SL Green to continue to qualify as a REIT for Federal income tax purposes. As of June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with all such covenants.

Principal Maturities

Combined aggregate principal maturities of our mortgage, 2012 credit facility and senior unsecured notes as of June 30, 2015, including as-of-right extension options and put options, were as follows (in thousands):

	Scheduled Amortization	Principal Repayments	Revolving Credit Facility	U	nsecured Term Loan	Senior Unsecured Notes	Total
Remaining 2015	<u> </u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ _
2016	3,566	_	_		_	255,308	258,874
2017	7,411	_	_		_	_	7,411
2018	7,799	_	_		_	250,000	257,799
2019	8,207	_	_		833,000	_	841,207
Thereafter	31,423	441,594	705,000		_	450,000	1,628,017
	\$ 58,406	\$ 441,594	\$ 705,000	\$	833,000	\$ 955,308	\$ 2,993,308

⁽²⁾ Issued by SL Green, the Operating Partnership and ROP, as co-obligors.

In April 2015, we redeemed the outstanding exchangeable senior debentures.

Consolidated interest expense, excluding capitalized interest, was comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Three Months	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2015	2014			2015		2014
	 		(as adjusted)		_		(as adjusted)
Interest expense	\$ 27,654	\$	31,631	\$	55,390	\$	63,436
Interest income	(5)		(6)		(12)		(11)
Interest expense, net	\$ 27,649	\$	31,625	\$	55,378	\$	63,425
Interest capitalized	\$ 321	\$	954	\$	1,107	\$	1,898

8. Partners' Capital

Since consummation of the Merger on January 25, 2007, the Operating Partnership has owned all the economic interests in ROP either by direct ownership or by indirect ownership through our general partner, which is its wholly-owned subsidiary.

Intercompany transactions between SL Green and ROP are generally recorded as contributions and distributions.

9. Fair Value Measurements

We are required to disclose fair value information with regard to our financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheets, for which it is practical to estimate fair value. The FASB guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. We measure and/or disclose the estimated fair value of financial assets and liabilities based on a hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions. This hierarchy consist of three broad levels: Level 1 - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity can access at the measurement date; Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and Level 3 - unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that are used when little or no market data is available. We follow this hierarchy for our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis. In instances in which the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Our assessment of the significance of the particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The fair value of derivative instruments is based on current market data received from financial sources that trade such instruments and are based on prevailing market data and derived from third party proprietary models based on well-recognized financial principles and reasonable estimates about relevant future market conditions, which are classified as Level 2 inputs.

The financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value on our consolidated balance sheets include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, preferred equity investments, mortgages and other loans payable and other secured and unsecured debt. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued expenses reported in our consolidated balance sheets approximates fair value due to the short term nature of these instruments. The fair value of preferred equity investments, which is classified as Level 3, is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using current interest rates at which similar loans with the same maturities would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The fair value of borrowings, which is classified as Level 3, is estimated by discounting the contractual cash flows of each debt instrument to their present value using adjusted market interest rates, which is provided by a third-party specialist.

The following table provides the carrying value and fair value of these financial instruments as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

		June 30		December 31, 2014								
	Car	rying Value		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value				
						(as adjusted)		(as adjusted)				
Preferred equity investments	\$	168,939 (1)		(2)	\$	132,995 ⁽¹⁾		(2)				
Fixed rate debt	\$	1,485,049	\$	1,614,431	\$	1,605,001	\$	1,737,673				
Variable rate debt		1,508,000		1,570,857		1,188,000		1,230,470				
	\$	2,993,049	\$	3,185,288	\$	2,793,001	\$	2,968,143				

⁽¹⁾ Excludes one investment with a book value of \$40.2 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, which we accounted for under the equity method accounting as a result of meeting the criteria of a real estate investment under the guidance for Acquisition, Development and Construction arrangements.

Disclosure about fair value of financial instruments was based on pertinent information available to us as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. Although we are not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the reasonable fair value amounts, such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of these financial statements since that date and current estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

10. Financial Instruments: Derivatives and Hedging

In the normal course of business, we use a variety of commonly used derivative instruments, such as interest rate swaps, caps, collar and floors, to manage, or hedge interest rate risk. We hedge our exposure to variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions in addition to anticipated future interest payments on existing debt. We recognize all derivatives on the balance sheets at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges are adjusted to fair value through earnings. If a derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative will either be offset against the change in fair value of the hedge asset, liability, or firm commitment through earnings, or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value will be immediately recognized in earnings. Reported net income and capital may increase or decrease prospectively, depending on future levels of interest rates and other variables affecting the fair values of derivative instruments and hedged items, but will have no effect on cash flows. Currently, all of our designated derivative instruments are effective hedging instruments.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had designated an interest swap agreement on \$30.0 million of the 2012 credit facility. The following table summarizes the notional and fair value of our derivative financial instrument at June 30, 2015 based on Level 2 inputs. The notional value is an indication of the extent of our involvement in that instrument at that time, but does not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks.

	Notional	Strike	Effective	Expiration	Balance Sheet	Fair
	Value	Rate	Date	Date	Location	Value
Interest Rate Swap	\$ 30,000	2.295%	July 2010	June 2016	Other Liabilities	\$ (548)

Gains and losses on terminated hedges are included in the accumulated other comprehensive loss, and are recognized into earnings over the term of the related senior unsecured notes. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the deferred net losses from these terminated hedges, which are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss relating to net unrealized loss on derivative instrument, was approximately \$2.2 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

Over time, the realized and unrealized gains and losses held in accumulated other comprehensive loss will be reclassified into earnings as an adjustment to interest expense in the same periods in which the hedged interest payments affect earnings. We estimate that approximately \$0.9 million of the current balance held in accumulated other comprehensive loss will be reclassified into interest expense within the next 12 months.

²⁾ At June 30, 2015, preferred equity investments had an estimated fair value ranging between \$185.8 million and \$211.2 million. At December 31, 2014, preferred equity investments had an estimated fair value ranging between \$146.3 million and \$166.2 million.

The following table presents the effect of our derivative financial instrument that is designated and qualifies as a hedging instrument on the consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively (in thousands):

								Amoun	t of (ain								
			Amoun	t of L	oss		Reclassified from											
			Recogi	nized	in		Accumulated Other											
			Other Con	ıpreh	ensive		Comprehensive Loss into							Amount of Gain Recognized				
			L	OSS		Location of Loss	Income					into Income						
			(Effective	e Por	tion)	Reclassified from (Effective Portion) Location of Gain				(Effective Portion)					ortion)			
		Thr	ee Months	Ende	d June 30,	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Thre	Three Months Ended June 30,			Recognized in Income on	Three N	/Ionth	End	ed June 30,			
Γ	Derivative		2015		2014	Loss into Income	2015 2014		Derivative	201	5		2014					
Interes	st Rate Swap	\$	(27)	\$	(66)	Interest expense	\$	250	\$	245	Interest expense	\$	1	\$	1			

The following table presents the effect of our derivative financial instrument that is designated and qualifies as a hedging instrument on the consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively (in thousands):

							Amoun	COLC	ıdılı					
		Amount	t of L	oss		Reclassified from								
		Recogr	nized	in		Accumulated Other								
	Other Comprehensive Comprehensive Loss into								Amount of Gain Recognized					
		Lo	OSS							into l	ncon	ie		
		(Effective	e Port	ion)	Reclassified from	(Effective Portion)			rtion)	Location of Gain	(In	effecti	ve Po	rtion)
	Si	x Months E	nded	June 30,	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Siz	Six Months Ended June 30,		Income on		Six Mo	onths I	Ended	June 30,
Derivative		2015		2014	Loss into Income		2015 2014		Derivative	201	5		2014	
Interest Rate Swap	\$	(95)	\$	(110)	Interest expense	\$	499	\$	487	Interest expense	\$	2	\$	2

11. Related Party Transactions

Cleaning/ Security/ Messenger and Restoration Services

Through Alliance Building Services, or Alliance, First Quality Maintenance, L.P., or First Quality, provides cleaning, extermination and related services, Classic Security LLC provides security services, Bright Star Couriers LLC provides messenger services, and Onyx Restoration Works provides restoration services with respect to certain properties owned by us. Alliance is partially owned by Gary Green, a son of Stephen L. Green, the chairman of SL Green's board of directors. In addition, First Quality has the non-exclusive opportunity to provide cleaning and related services to individual tenants at our properties on a basis separately negotiated with any tenant seeking such additional services. An affiliate of ours has entered into an arrangement with Alliance whereby it will receive a profit participation above a certain threshold for services provided by Alliance to certain tenants at certain buildings above the base services specified in their lease agreements. Income earned from profit participation, which is included in other income on the consolidated statements of operations, was \$0.8 million, \$1.7 million, \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. We also recorded expenses of \$2.1 million, \$4.0 million, \$2.1 million and \$3.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for these services (excluding services provided directly to tenants).

Allocated Expenses from SL Green

Property operating expenses include an allocation of salary and other operating costs from SL Green based on square footage of the related properties. Such amount was approximately \$2.5 million, \$4.9 million, \$2.3 million and \$4.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Insurance

We obtain insurance coverage through an insurance program administered by SL Green. In connection with this program, we incurred insurance expense of approximately \$1.7 million, \$3.3 million, \$1.6 million and \$3.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

As of June 30, 2015, we were not involved in any material litigation nor, to management's knowledge, was any material litigation threatened against us or our portfolio which if adversely determined could have a material adverse impact on us other than routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business or litigation that is adequately covered by insurance.

Environmental Matters

Our management believes that the properties are in compliance in all material respects with applicable Federal, state and local ordinances and regulations regarding environmental issues. Management is not aware of any environmental liability that it believes would have a materially adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Management is unaware of any instances in which it would incur significant environmental cost if any of our properties were sold.

Ground Leases Arrangements

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases with initial terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Non-cancellable operating leases
Remaining 2015	\$ 10,168
2016	20,440
2017	20,586
2018	20,586
2019	20,586
Thereafter	348,672
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 441,038

13. Segment Information

We are engaged in acquiring, owning, managing and leasing commercial properties in Manhattan, Brooklyn, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey and have two reportable segments, real estate and preferred equity investments. We evaluate real estate performance and allocate resources based on earnings contribution to income from continuing operations.

The primary sources of revenue are generated from tenant rents and escalations and reimbursement revenue. Real estate property operating expenses consist primarily of security, maintenance, utility costs, real estate taxes and ground rent expense (at certain applicable properties). See Note 5, "Preferred Equity and Other Investments," for additional details on our preferred equity investments.

Selected results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and selected asset information as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, regarding our operating segments are as follows (in thousands):

	Preferred Real Estate Equity Segment Segment				Total Company		
Total revenues:							
Three months ended:							
June 30, 2015	\$ 188,624	\$	4,268	\$	192,892		
June 30, 2014, as adjusted	164,618		8,777		173,395		
Six months ended:							
June 30, 2015	\$ 361,609	\$	7,871	\$	369,480		
June 30, 2014, as adjusted	327,371		18,052		345,423		

]	Real Estate Equity Segment Segment				Total Company
Income from continuing operations:						
Three months ended:						
June 30, 2015	\$	31,208	\$	4,374	\$	35,582
June 30, 2014, as adjusted		7,666		8,216		15,882
Six months ended:						
June 30, 2015	\$	43,483	\$	8,084	\$	51,567
June 30, 2014, as adjusted		13,347		15,686		29,033
Total assets						
As of:						
June 30, 2015	\$	6,574,369	\$	209,437	\$	6,783,806
December 31, 2014, as adjusted		6,607,809		173,300		6,781,109

Income from continuing operations represents total revenues less total expenses for the real estate segment and total investment income and equity in net income from unconsolidated joint venture less allocated interest expense and provision for loan losses for the preferred equity segment. Interest costs for the preferred equity segment are imputed assuming the portfolio is 100% leveraged by our 2012 revolving credit facility borrowing cost. We also allocate loan loss reserves, net of recoveries and transaction related costs to the preferred equity segment. We do not allocate marketing, general and administrative expenses to the preferred equity segment, since we base performance on the individual segments prior to allocating marketing, general and administrative expenses. All other expenses, except interest, relate entirely to the real estate assets. There were no transactions between the above two segments.

14. Subsequent Events

In July, the Company expanded its unsecured corporate credit facility by \$500.0 million to \$2.533 billion. The revolving line of credit portion of the facility, which matures in March 2020, was increased by \$400.0 million to \$1.6 billion and the term loan portion of the facility, which matures in June 2019, was increased by \$100.0 million to \$933.0 million.

In August, the Operating Partnership transferred an entity that held debt investments and financing receivables with an aggregate carrying value as of June 30, 2015 of \$1.7 billion to ROP.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., or ROP, commenced operations on June 2, 1995. The sole general partner of ROP is a wholly-owned subsidiary of SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P., or the Operating Partnership. The sole limited partner of ROP is the Operating Partnership.

ROP is engaged in the acquisition, ownership, management and operation of commercial and residential real estate properties, principally office properties, and also owns land for future development, located in New York City, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey, which collectively is also known as the New York Metropolitan area.

SL Green transferred one property and 40% of SL Green's tenancy in common interest in a fee interest with total assets of \$207.7 million during the first quarter of 2015 to ROP, and one additional property and the remaining 60% of SL Green's tenancy in common interest in a fee interest with total assets of \$187.3 million during second quarter of 2015 to ROP. Subsequent to June 30, 2014, SL Green transferred four properties with total assets aggregating to \$786.4 million as of December 31, 2014 to ROP. Under the business combinations guidance (Accounting Standard Codification, or ASU, 805-50), these transfers were determined to be transfers of businesses between the indirect parent company and its wholly-owned subsidiary. As such, the assets and liabilities of the properties were transferred at their carrying values and were recorded as of the beginning of the current reporting period as though the assets and liabilities had been transferred at that date. The financial statements and financial information presented for all prior periods have been retrospectively adjusted to furnish comparative information.

As of June 30, 2015, we owned the following interests in commercial and residential properties in the New York Metropolitan area, primarily in midtown Manhattan. Our investments in the New York Metropolitan area also include investments in Brooklyn, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey, which are collectively known as the Suburban properties:

Location	Туре	Number of Properties	Approximate Square Feet	Weighted Average Occupancy ⁽¹⁾
Commercial:				
Manhattan	Office	15	8,239,645	95.5%
	Retail ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	5	352,892	98.8%
	Fee Interest	2	197,654	100.0%
		22	8,790,191	95.7%
Suburban	Office	20	3,417,900	82.3%
	Retail	1	52,000	100.0%
		21	3,469,900	82.5%
Total commercial properties		43	12,260,091	92.0%
Residential:				
Manhattan	Residential ⁽²⁾	_	222,855	96.4%
Total portfolio		43	12,482,946	92.0%

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average occupancy for commercial properties represents the total leased square feet divided by total available rentable square feet. The weighted average occupancy for residential properties represents the total occupied units divided by total available units.

(3) Includes two retail properties held for sale as of June 30, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, we also held preferred equity and other investments with a book value of \$209.1 million.

Critical Accounting Policies

Refer to our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of our critical accounting policies, which include investment in commercial real estate properties, investment in unconsolidated joint ventures, revenue recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts, reserve for possible credit losses and derivative instruments. There have been no changes to these accounting policies during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

⁽²⁾ As of June 30, 2015, we owned a building that was comprised of approximately 270,132 square feet of retail space and approximately 222,855 square feet of residential space. For the purpose of this report, we have included the building in the retail properties count and have bifurcated the square footage into the retail and residential components.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2015 to the three months ended June 30, 2014

The following section compares the results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to the three months ended June 30, 2014 for the 43 properties owned by ROP. The Company adopted ASU 2014-08 effective January 1, 2015. As a result, the Company classified 131-137 Spring Street as held for sale as of June 30, 2015 and included the results of operations in continuing operations for all periods presented. Any assets sold or held for sale prior to January 1, 2015 are excluded from income from continuing operations and from the following discussion.

(in thousands)		2015		2014	\$ Change	% Change
(iii tiiousanus)	· 			(as adjusted)	 Change	Change
Rental revenue, net	\$	153,082	\$	142,440	\$ 10,642	7.5 %
Escalation and reimbursement		23,279		21,540	1,739	8.1 %
Investment income		4,268		8,777	(4,509)	(51.4)%
Other income		12,263		638	11,625	1,822.1 %
Total revenues		192,892		173,395	19,497	11.2 %
Property operating expenses		78,808		74,693	4,115	5.5 %
Transaction related costs		23		117	(94)	(80.3)%
Marketing, general and administrative		160		90	70	77.8 %
		78,991		74,900	4,091	5.5 %
				_	 	
Net operating income		113,901		98,495	15,406	15.6 %
Interest expense and amortization of financing costs, net of interest income		(28,929)		(33,239)	4,310	(13.0)%
Depreciation and amortization		(50,241)		(49,949)	(292)	0.6 %
Equity in net income from unconsolidated joint venture		853		1,094	(241)	(22.0)%
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		_		(519)	519	(100.0)%
Income from continuing operations		35,584		15,882	 19,702	124.1 %
Net income from discontinued operations		_		1,348	(1,348)	(100.0)%
Gain on sale of discontinued operations		_		117,829	(117,829)	(100.0)%
Net income	\$	35,584	\$	135,059	\$ (99,475)	(73.7)%

Rental, Escalation and Reimbursement Revenues

Rental revenue increased primarily as a result of an increase in occupancy (\$6.7 million), the acquisitions of 115 Spring Street, 635 Madison Avenue and 102 Greene Street in 2014 (\$2.3 million), and increased occupancy at a property that was placed in service (\$1.6 million).

Escalation and reimbursement revenue increased primarily as a result of higher real estate tax recoveries (\$1.5 million).

Occupancy in our Manhattan office operating properties was 95.5% at June 30, 2015 compared to 90.4% at June 30, 2014. Occupancy in our Suburban office operating properties was 82.3% at June 30, 2015 compared to 79.4% at June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2015, approximately 2.4% and 6.8% of the space leased at our Manhattan and Suburban operating properties, respectively, is expected to expire during the remainder of 2015. Based on our estimates, the current market asking rents on all our Manhattan operating properties for leases that are expected to expire during the remainder of 2015 would be approximately 16.6% higher than the existing in-place fully escalated rents while the current market asking rents on all our Manhattan operating properties for leases that are expected to expire during the remainder of 2015 would be approximately 1.8% lower than the existing in-place fully escalated rents while the current market asking rents on all our Suburban operating properties for leases that are expected to expire during the remainder of 2015 would be approximately 1.8% lower than the existing in-place fully escalated rents while the current market asking rents on all our Suburban operating properties for leases that are expected to expire during the remainder of 2015 would be approximately 1.8% lower than the existing in-place fully escalated rents.

Investment Income

Investment income decreased primarily as a result the redemption of one of our preferred equity investments during the fourth quarter of 2014 (\$5.0 million).

Other Income

Other income increased primarily as a result of a lease termination fee received at 919 Third Avenue in 2015 (\$11.3 million).

Property Operating Expenses

Property operating expenses increased primarily as a result of higher real estate taxes resulting from higher assessed values and tax rates (\$2.6 million) and repairs and maintenance (\$1.0 million).

Interest Expense and Amortization of Financing Costs, Net of Interest Income

Interest expense and amortization of financing costs, net of interest income, decreased primarily as a result of the repayment of debt at 625 Madison Avenue (\$2.2 million) and 125 Park Avenue (\$1.4 million) during the fourth quarter of 2014 and 711 Third (\$1.6 million) in the first quarter of 2015, and the repayment of 5.875% senior notes in August 2014 (\$1.1 million), partially offset by increased borrowings on the 2012 credit facility (\$2.7 million).

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2014 included the gain recognized on the sale of 673 First Avenue (\$117.8 million) and the results of operations for 673 First Avenue, which was sold in May 2014.

Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2015 to the six months ended June 30, 2014

The following section compares the results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to the six months ended June 30, 2014 for the 43 properties owned by ROP. The Company adopted ASU 2014-08 effective January 1, 2015. As a result, the Company classified 131-137 Spring Street as held for sale as of June 30, 2015 and included the results of operations in continuing operations for all periods presented. Any assets sold or held for sale prior to January 1, 2015 are excluded from income from continuing operations and from the following discussion.

(in thousands)	2015			2014		\$ Change	% Change
				(as adjusted)			
Rental revenue, net	\$	302,477	\$	283,438	\$	19,039	6.7 %
Escalation and reimbursement		46,210		42,684		3,526	8.3 %
Investment income		7,871		18,052		(10,181)	(56.4)%
Other income		12,922		1,249		11,673	934.6 %
Total revenues		369,480		345,423		24,057	7.0 %
Property operating expenses		160,997		149,426		11,571	7.7 %
Transaction related costs		39		988		(949)	(96.1)%
Marketing, general and administrative		256		166		90	54.2 %
		161,292		150,580		10,712	7.1 %
Net operating income		208,188		194,843		13,345	6.8 %
Interest expense and amortization of financing costs, net of interest income		(58,605)		(66,594)		7,989	(12.0)%
Depreciation and amortization		(99,669)		(99,791)		122	(0.1)%
Equity in net income from unconsolidated joint venture		1,702		1,094		608	55.6 %
Loss on early extinguishment of debt		(49)		(519)		470	(90.6)%
Income from continuing operations		51,567		29,033		22,534	77.6 %
Net income from discontinued operations		_		2,054		(2,054)	(100.0)%
Gain on sale of discontinued operations				117,829		(117,829)	(100.0)%
Net income	\$	51,567	\$	148,916	\$	(97,349)	(65.4)%

Rental, Escalation and Reimbursement Revenues

Rental revenue increased primarily as a result of an increase in occupancy (\$11.9 million), the acquisitions of 115 Spring Street, 635 Madison Avenue and 102 Greene Street in 2014 (\$5.0 million), and increased occupancy at a property that was placed in service (\$2.0 million).

Escalation and reimbursement revenue increased primarily as a result of higher real estate tax recoveries (\$2.8 million) and higher utility recoveries (\$0.5 million).

Investment Income

Investment income decreased primarily as a result the redemption of one of our preferred equity investments during the fourth quarter of 2014 (\$9.9 million).

Other Income

Other income increased primarily as a result of a lease termination fee received at 919 Third Avenue in 2015 (\$11.3 million).

Property Operating Expenses

Property operating expenses increased primarily as a result of higher real estate taxes resulting from higher assessed values and tax rates (\$6.1 million), other operating expenses (\$2.0 million), and repairs and maintenance (\$1.6 million).

Interest Expense and Amortization of Financing Costs, Net of Interest Income

Interest expense and amortization of financing costs, net of interest income, decreased primarily as a result of the repayment of debt at 625 Madison Avenue (\$4.4 million) and 125 Park Avenue (\$2.9 million) during the fourth quarter of 2014, 711 Third (\$1.6 million) in the first quarter of 2015, 16 Court Street, Brooklyn during the second quarter of 2014 (\$0.9 million), the redemption of a preferred equity investment which secured a loan during the fourth quarter of 2014 (\$2.0 million), and the repayment of 5.875% senior notes in August 2014 (\$2.2 million), partially offset by increased borrowings on the 2012 credit facility (\$5.3 million).

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations for the six months ended June 30, 2014 included the gain recognized on the sale of 673 First Avenue (\$117.8 million) and the results of operations for 673 First Avenue, which was sold in May 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On January 25, 2007, we were acquired by SL Green. See Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources" in SL Green and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for a complete discussion of additional sources of liquidity available to us due to our indirect ownership by SL Green.

We currently expect that our principal sources of funds to meet our short-term and long-term liquidity requirements for working capital and funds for acquisition and development or redevelopment of properties, tenant improvements, leasing costs, repurchases or repayments of outstanding indebtedness (which may include exchangeable debt) and for preferred equity investments will include:

- (1) cash flow from operations;
- (2) cash on hand;
- (3) borrowings under the 2012 credit facility;
- (4) other forms of secured or unsecured financing;
- (5) net proceeds from divestitures of properties and redemptions, participations and dispositions of preferred equity investments; and
- (6) proceeds from debt offerings by us.

Cash flow from operations is primarily dependent upon the occupancy level of our portfolio, the net effective rental rates achieved on our leases, the collectability of rent, operating escalations and recoveries from our tenants and the level of operating and other costs. Additionally, we believe that our preferred equity investment program will continue to serve as a source of operating cash flow.

We believe that our sources of working capital, specifically our cash flow from operations and SL Green's liquidity are adequate for us to meet our short-term and long-term liquidity requirements for the foreseeable future.

Cash Flows

The following summary discussion of our cash flows is based on our consolidated statements of cash flows in "Item 1. Financial Statements" and is not meant to be an all-inclusive discussion of the changes in our cash flows for the periods presented below.

Cash and cash equivalents were \$40.1 million and \$40.8 million at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, representing a decrease of \$0.7 million. The decrease was a result of the following changes in cash flows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2015 2014		Change		
	 		(as adjusted)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 100,218	\$	93,158	\$	7,060
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	\$ (65,885)	\$	75,973	\$	(141,858)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (28,924)	\$	(176,405)	\$	147,481

Our principal source of operating cash flow is related to the leasing and operating of the properties in our portfolio. Our properties provide a relatively consistent stream of cash flow that provides us with resources to pay operating expenses, debt service and make distributions to SL Green. At June 30, 2015, our operating portfolio was 92.0% occupied. Our preferred investments also provide a steady stream of operating cash flow to us.

Cash is used in investing activities to fund acquisitions, development or redevelopment projects and recurring and nonrecurring capital expenditures. We selectively invest in new projects that enable us to take advantage of our development, leasing, financing and property management skills and invest in existing buildings that meet our investment criteria. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, we used cash primarily for the following investing activities (in thousands):

Capital expenditures and capitalized interest	\$ 11,698
Net proceeds from sale of real estate/joint venture interest	(137,059)
Distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures	10
Repayment or redemption of preferred equity and other investments, net of originations or investments	(17,966)
Restricted cash—capital improvements	1,459
Increase in net cash used in investing activities	\$ (141,858)

Funds spent on capital expenditures, which comprise building and tenant improvements, decreased from \$45.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$34.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in capital expenditures relate primarily to lower costs incurred in connection with the redevelopment of a property and the build-out of space for tenants.

We generally fund our investment activity through property-level financing, our 2012 credit facility, senior unsecured notes and sale of real estate. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, we used cash for the following financing activities (in thousands):

Repayments under our debt obligations	\$ (252,826)
Proceeds from debt obligations	372,000
Contributions from common unitholder and noncontrolling interests	126
Distributions to common unitholder and noncontrolling interests	30,043
Deferred loan costs	(1,862)
Decrease in cash used in financing activities	\$ 147,481

Capitalization

All of our issued and outstanding Class A common units are owned by Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC or the Operating Partnership.

Corporate Indebtedness

2012 Credit Facility

In March 2014, we entered into an amendment to the \$1.6 billion credit facility entered into by the Company in November 2012, or the 2012 credit facility, which among other things, increased the term loan portion of the facility by \$383.0 million to \$783.0 million, decreased the interest-rate margin applicable to the term loan portion of the facility by 25 basis points and extended the maturity of the term loan portion of the facility from March 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. In November 2014, we increased the term loan portion of the facility by \$50.0 million to \$833.0 million. In January 2015, we entered into a second amended and restated credit agreement, which decreased the interest-rate margin and facility fee applicable to the revolving credit facility by 20 basis points and five basis points, respectively, and extended the maturity date of the revolving credit facility to March 29, 2019 with an as-of-right extension through March 29, 2020. We also have an option, subject to customary conditions to increase the capacity under the revolving credit facility to \$1.5 billion at any time prior to the maturity date for the revolving credit facility without the consent of existing lenders, by obtaining additional commitments from our existing lenders and other financial institutions. As of June 30, 2015, the 2012 credit facility, as amended, consisted of a \$1.2 billion revolving credit facility, or the revolving credit facility, and an \$833.0 million term loan, or the term loan facility.

As of June 30, 2015, the 2012 credit facility bore interest at a spread over LIBOR ranging from (i) 87.5 basis points to 155 basis points for loans under the revolving credit facility and (ii) 95 basis points to 190 basis points for loans under the term loan facility, in each case based on the credit rating assigned to the senior unsecured long term indebtedness of ROP. At June 30, 2015, the applicable spread was 125 basis points for revolving credit facility and 140 basis points for the term loan facility. At June 30, 2015, the effective interest rate was 1.44% for the revolving credit facility and 1.66% for the term loan facility. We are required to pay quarterly in arrears a 12.5 to 30 basis point facility fee on the total commitments under the revolving credit facility based on the credit rating assigned to the senior unsecured long term indebtedness of ROP. As of June 30, 2015, the facility fee was 25 basis points. As of June 30, 2015, we had \$89.4 million of outstanding letters of credit, \$705.0 million drawn under the revolving credit facility and \$833.0 million outstanding under the term loan facility, with total undrawn capacity of \$405.6 million under the 2012 credit facility.

We, SL Green and the Operating Partnership are all borrowers jointly and severally obligated under the 2012 credit facility. None of SL Green's other subsidiaries are obligors under the 2012 credit facility.

The 2012 credit facility includes certain restrictions and covenants (see Restrictive Covenants below).

Senior Unsecured Notes

The following table sets forth our senior unsecured notes and other related disclosures as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, by scheduled maturity date (dollars in thousands):

Issuance	ine 30, 2015 Unpaid Principal Balance	J	une 30, 2015 Accreted Balance	December 31, 2014 Accreted Balance	Coupon Rate ⁽¹⁾	Effective Rate	Term (in Years)	Maturity Date
March 31, 2006	\$ 255,308	\$	255,272	\$ 255,250	6.00%	6.00%	10	March 31, 2016
August 5, 2011 ⁽²⁾	250,000		249,777	249,744	5.00%	5.00%	7	August 15, 2018
March 16, 2010 ⁽²⁾	250,000		250,000	250,000	7.75%	7.75%	10	March 15, 2020
November 15, 2012 ⁽²⁾	200,000		200,000	200,000	4.50%	4.50%	10	December 1, 2022
June 27, 2005 ⁽³⁾	_		_	7				
	\$ 955,308	\$	955,049	\$ 955,001				

⁽¹⁾ Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually with principal and unpaid interest due on the scheduled maturity dates.

ROP also provides a guaranty of the Operating Partnership's obligations under its 3.00% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2017.

²⁾ Issued by SL Green, the Operating Partnership and ROP, as co-obligors.

⁽³⁾ In April 2015, we redeemed the outstanding exchangeable senior debentures.

Restrictive Covenants

The terms of the 2012 credit facility, as amended, and certain of our senior unsecured notes include certain restrictions and covenants which may limit, among other things, SL Green's ability to pay dividends, make certain types of investments, incur additional indebtedness, incur liens and enter into negative pledge agreements and dispose of assets, and which require compliance with financial ratios relating to the maximum ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value, a minimum ratio of EBITDA to fixed charges, a maximum ratio of secured indebtedness to total asset value and a maximum ratio of unsecured indebtedness to unencumbered asset value. The dividend restriction referred to above provides that SL Green will not during any time when a default is continuing, make distributions with respect to SL Green's common stock or other equity interests, except to enable SL Green to continue to qualify as a REIT for Federal income tax purposes. As of June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with all such covenants.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to changes in interest rates primarily from our variable rate debt. Our exposure to interest rate changes are managed through either the use of interest rate derivative instruments and/or through our variable rate preferred equity investments. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates along the entire interest rate curve for 2015 would increase our annual interest cost, net of interest income from variable rate preferred equity investments, by approximately \$14.7 million.

We recognize most derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges are adjusted to fair value through income. If a derivative is considered a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative will either be offset against the change in fair value of the hedged asset, liability, or firm commitment through earnings, or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value is immediately recognized in earnings.

We have \$1.5 billion of long term debt that bears interest at fixed rates, and therefore the fair value of these instruments is affected by changes in the market interest rates. Our variable rate debt as of June 30, 2015 bore interest based on a spread of LIBOR plus 125 basis points to LIBOR plus 140 basis points.

Contractual Obligations

Refer to our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of our contractual obligations. There have been no material changes, outside the ordinary course of business, to these contractual obligations during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have off-balance sheet investments, including preferred equity investments. These investments all have varying ownership structures. Our off-balance sheet arrangements are discussed in Note 5, "Preferred Equity Investments and Other Investments," in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Capital Expenditures

We estimate that for the year ended December 31, 2015, we expect to incur \$46.7 million of recurring capital expenditures and \$24.3 million of development or redevelopment expenditures, net of loan reserves, (including tenant improvements and leasing commissions) on existing properties. We expect to fund these capital expenditures with operating cash flow, existing liquidity, or incremental property level mortgage borrowings. Future property acquisitions may require substantial capital investments for refurbishment and leasing costs. We expect our capital needs over the next twelve-months and thereafter will be met through a combination of cash on hand, net cash provided by operations, borrowings, potential asset sales or additional debt issuances.

Related Party Transactions

Cleaning/ Security/ Messenger and Restoration Services

Through Alliance Building Services, or Alliance, First Quality Maintenance, L.P., or First Quality, provides cleaning, extermination and related services, Classic Security LLC provides security services, Bright Star Couriers LLC provides messenger services, and Onyx Restoration Works provides restoration services with respect to certain properties owned by us. Alliance is partially owned by Gary Green, a son of Stephen L. Green, the chairman of SL Green's board of directors. In addition, First Quality has the non-exclusive opportunity to provide cleaning and related services to individual tenants at our properties on a basis separately negotiated with any tenant seeking such additional services. An affiliate of ours has entered into an arrangement with Alliance whereby it will receive a profit participation above a certain threshold for services provided by Alliance to certain tenants at certain buildings above the base services specified in their lease agreements. Income earned from profit participation, which is included in other income on the consolidated statements of operations, was \$0.8 million, \$1.7 million, \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. We also recorded expenses of \$2.1 million, \$4.0 million, \$2.1 million and \$3.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for these services (excluding services provided directly to tenants).

Allocated Expenses from SL Green

Property operating expenses include an allocation of salary and other operating costs from SL Green based on square footage of the related properties. Such amount was approximately \$2.5 million, \$4.9 million, \$2.3 million and \$4.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Insurance

SL Green maintains "all-risk" property and rental value coverage (including coverage regarding the perils of flood, earthquake and terrorism) within three property insurance portfolios and liability insurance. The first property portfolio maintains a blanket limit of \$950.0 million per occurrence, including terrorism, for the majority of the New York City properties in our portfolio and expires December 31, 2015. The second portfolio maintains a limit of \$700.0 million per occurrence, including terrorism, for several New York City properties and the majority of the Suburban properties and expires December 31, 2015. Each of these policies includes \$100.0 million of flood coverage, with a lower sublimit for locations in high hazard flood zones. A third blanket property policy covers most of our residential assets and maintains a limit of \$380.0 million per occurrence, including terrorism, for our residential properties and expires January 31, 2016. We maintain two liability policies which cover all our properties and provide limits of \$201.0 million per occurrence and in the aggregate per location. The liability policies expire on October 31, 2015 and January 31, 2016 and cover our commercial and residential properties, respectively. Additional coverage may be purchased on a stand-alone basis for certain assets.

In October 2006, SL Green formed a wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, Belmont Insurance Company, or Belmont, to act as a captive insurance company and be one of the elements of our overall insurance program. Belmont is a subsidiary of SL Green. Belmont was formed in an effort to, among other reasons, stabilize to some extent the fluctuations of insurance market conditions. Belmont is licensed in New York to write Terrorism, NBCR (nuclear, biological, chemical, and radiological), General Liability, Environmental Liability, and D&O coverage.

The Terrorism Risk Insurance Act, or TRIA, which was enacted in November 2002, was renewed December 31, 2005 and again on December 31, 2007. Congress extended TRIA, now called TRIPRA (Terrorism Risk Insurance Program Reauthorization and Extension Act of 2007) until December 31, 2015. TRIPRA was not renewed by Congress and expired on December 31, 2015. However, on January 12, 2015, TRIPRA was reauthorized until December 31, 2020 (Terrorism Insurance Program Reauthorization and Extension Act of 2015). The law extends the federal Terrorism Insurance Program that requires insurance companies to offer terrorism coverage and provides for compensation for insured losses resulting from acts of certified terrorism, subject to the current program trigger of \$100.0 million, which will increase by \$20 million per annum, commencing December 31, 2015. Our debt instruments, consisting of a non-recourse mortgage note secured by one of our properties, our 2012 credit facility, senior unsecured notes and other corporate obligations, as well as ground leases, contain customary covenants requiring us to maintain insurance. Although we believe that we currently maintain sufficient insurance coverage to satisfy these obligations, there is no assurance that in the future we will be able to procure coverage at a reasonable cost. In such instances, there can be no assurance that the lenders or ground lessors under these instruments will not take the position that a total or partial exclusion from "all-risk" insurance coverage for losses due to terrorist acts is a breach of these debt and ground lease instruments allowing the lenders or ground lessors to declare an event of default and accelerate repayment of debt or recapture of ground lease positions. In addition, if lenders prevail in asserting that we are required to maintain full coverage for these risks, it could result in substantially higher insurance premiums.

We monitor all properties where insurance coverage is obtained by a third party and we do not control the coverage to ensure that tenants or other third parties, as applicable, are providing adequate coverage. Certain joint ventures may be covered under policies separate from our policies, at coverage limits which we deem to be adequate. We continually monitor these policies. Although we consider our insurance coverage to be appropriate, in the event of a major catastrophe, we may not have sufficient coverage to replace certain properties.

We obtained insurance coverage through an insurance program administered by SL Green. In connection with this program, we incurred insurance expense of approximately \$1.7 million, \$3.3 million, \$1.6 million and \$3.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Inflation

Substantially all of our office leases provide for separate real estate tax and operating expense escalations as well as operating expense recoveries based on increases in the Consumer Price Index or other measures such as porters' wage. In addition, many of the leases provide for fixed base rent increases. We believe that inflationary increases will be at least partially offset by the contractual rent increases and expense escalations described above.

Accounting Standards Updates

The Accounting Standards Updates are discussed in Note 2, "Significant Accounting Policies-Accounting Standards Updates" in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Forward-Looking Information

This report includes certain statements that may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions thereof. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this report that address activities, events or developments that we expect, believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future, including such matters as future capital expenditures, dividends and acquisitions (including the amount and nature thereof), development trends of the real estate industry and the Manhattan, Brooklyn, Westchester County, Connecticut and New Jersey office markets, business strategies, expansion and growth of our operations and other similar matters, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially, and we caution you not to place undue reliance on such statements. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by the use of the words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "believe," "intend," "project," "continue," or the negative of these words, or other similar words or terms.

Forward-looking statements contained in this report are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements made by us. These risks and uncertainties include:

- · the effect of general economic, business and financial conditions, and their effect on the New York City real estate market in particular;
- · dependence upon certain geographic markets;
- · risks of real estate acquisitions, dispositions, developments and redevelopment, including the cost of construction delays and cost overruns;
- risks relating to debt and preferred equity investments;
- availability and creditworthiness of prospective tenants and borrowers;
- bankruptcy or insolvency of a major tenant or a significant number of smaller tenants;
- adverse changes in the real estate markets, including reduced demand for office space, increasing vacancy, and increasing availability of sublease space;
- availability of capital (debt and equity);
- unanticipated increases in financing and other costs, including a rise in interest rates;
- the Company's ability to comply with financial covenants in our debt instruments;
- SL Green's ability to maintain its status as a REIT;
- · risks of investing through joint venture structures, including the fulfillment by our partners of their financial obligations;
- the threat of terrorist attacks;
- our ability to obtain adequate insurance coverage at a reasonable cost and the potential for losses in excess of our insurance coverage, including as a result of environmental contamination; and,
- legislative, regulatory and/or safety requirements adversely affecting REITs and the real estate business, including costs of compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Fair Housing Act and other similar laws and regulations.

Other factors and risks to our business, many of which are beyond our control, are described in other sections of this report and in our other filings with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of future events, new information or otherwise.

The risks included here are not exhaustive. Other sections of this report may include additional factors that could adversely affect ROP's business and financial performance. In addition, sections of SL Green and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 contain additional factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance. Moreover, ROP operates in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors, nor can it assess the impact of all such risk factors on ROP's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

For quantitative and qualitative disclosure about market risk, see Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation-Interest Rate Risk" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. Our exposures to market risk have not changed materially since December 31, 2014.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of our general partner, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure based closely on the definition of "disclosure controls and procedures" in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that it will detect or uncover failures within ROP to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in our periodic reports.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the President and Treasurer of our general partner, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, the President and Treasurer of our general partner concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to give reasonable assurances to the timely collection, evaluation and disclosure of information relating to ROP that would potentially be subject to disclosure under the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As of June 30, 2015, we were not involved in any material litigation nor, to management's knowledge, was any material litigation threatened against us or our portfolio other than routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business or litigation that is adequately covered by insurance.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in "Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We encourage you to read "Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K for SL Green Realty Corp., our indirect parent company, as well as the risk factor set forth under "Part II. Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2015 for SL Green Realty Corp.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits:

- Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of January 6, 2015, by and among SL Green Realty Corp., SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., as Borrowers, each of the Lenders party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent.
- Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2015, by and among SL Green Realty Corp., SL Green Operating Partnership, L.P. and Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P., as Borrowers, each of the Lenders party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent.
- 31.1 Certification of Marc Holliday, President of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15(d)-14(a), filed herewith.
- 31.2 Certification of Matthew J. DiLiberto, Treasurer of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15(d)-14(a), filed herewith.
- 32.1 Certification of Marc Holliday, President of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant, pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, filed herewith.
- 32.2 Certification of Matthew J. DiLiberto, Treasurer of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant, pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, filed herewith.
- The following financial statements from Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2015, formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited), (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited), (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited), (iv) Consolidated Statement of Capital (unaudited), (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited), and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), detail tagged and filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RECKSON OPERATING PARTNERSHIP, L.P.

BY: WYOMING ACQUISITION GP LLC

By: /s/ MATTHEW J. DILIBERTO

Matthew J. DiLiberto
Treasurer

Date: August 13, 2015

I, Marc Holliday, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the Registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 13, 2015

/s/ MARC HOLLIDAY

Name: Marc Holliday Title: President

of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant

I, Matthew J. DiLiberto, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the Registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 13, 2015

/s/ MATTHEW J. DILIBERTO

Name: Matthew J. DiLiberto

Title: Treasurer

of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant

- I, Marc Holliday, President of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of Reckson Operating Partnership, L. P. (the "Registrant"), certify pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:
- 1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ MARC HOLLIDAY

Name: Marc Holliday
Title: President

of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant

August 13, 2015

- I, Matthew J. DiLiberto, Treasurer and of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of Reckson Operating Partnership, L. P. (the "Registrant"), certify pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:
- 1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ MATTHEW J. DILIBERTO

Name: Matthew J. DiLiberto

Title: Treasurer

of Wyoming Acquisition GP LLC, the sole general partner of the Registrant

August 13, 2015